Title

Primary school student's self-concept, meaning in life, and life satisfaction in the context of Hong Kong in a time of Covid-19 pandemic

Abstract

This study aims to understand Hong Kong children's perception of their meaning in life, selfconcept, and satisfaction with life during the Covid-19 period. The study has examined children's meaning in life, self-concept, and life satisfaction explored the relationship among the above variables and tested whether self-concept is a mediator between the relation of meaning in life and satisfaction with life. The questionnaire survey used valid instruments, including the Chinese version of the Meaning in Life Questionnaire (MLQ; Zhang et al., 2016), Self-Description Questionnaire I (SDQ-I; Marsh, 1990), and Satisfaction with Life Scale for Children (SWLS-C; Gadermann, Schonert-Reich's, Zumba, 2010). The study investigated 312 primary school students from several Hong Kong schools at the time of the pandemic. The study found that: (1) there are positive correlations among children's perception of meaning in life, self-concept and life satisfaction; (2) Hong Kong children's self-concept is a mediator in the relationship between meaning in life and life satisfaction. The findings suggest that we need to promote children's meaning in life to enhance selfconcept and life satisfaction, and it could be conducted through life education and reducing academic pressure. It is also feasible for schools and parents to enhance children's well-being by improving their self-concept in their primary school life so that children could have a more meaningful life to achieve the goal of whole-person development.

Keywords

Self-concept, Meaning in life, life satisfaction, Hong Kong Children

Topic

Whole-person education and research

Reference:

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• 作者信息

Cao Xinyi 曹鑫怡

•展示人信息

曹鑫怡, 剑桥大学在读博士 Email: xc340@cam.ac.uk